

SECTION 4.4 APPLICATIONS

Name: Key Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

EXAMPLE 1

In a chemistry laboratory, Jeremy has a 75% acid solution and a 50% acid solution. How much of each solution should he mix to get 100 liters of a 60% acid solution?

$x =$  liters of 75% acid solution  
 $y =$  liters of 50% acid solution  
 $x + y = 100$  total liters  
 60% of the solution must be acid  
 $(.60 \cdot 100) = 60$  liters  
 $.75x + .5y = 60$

$y = 100 - x$   
 $.75x + .5(100 - x) = 60$   
 $.75x + 50 + (-.5x) = 60$   
 $.25x = 10$   
 $x = \frac{10}{.25}$   
 $x = 40$  liters of 75% solution  
 $y = 100 - 40$   
 $y = 60$  liters of 50% solution

PROBLEM 1

Suppose a store sells two kinds of jellybeans. Candy A is sold for \$6 per pound and candy B for \$4 per pound. The manager wants to make a 100 pounds of a mixture that she could sell for \$4.50 per pound. How much of candy A and how much of candy B should she mix together to make the new \$4.50 per pound mixture?

$x =$  pounds of Candy A  
 $y =$  pounds of Candy B  
 $x + y = 100$   
 $6x + 4y = (4.5)(100)$   
 $(\text{cost})(\text{lbs}) + (\text{cost})(\text{lbs}) = (\text{cost})(\text{lbs})$   

Candy A	Candy B	total
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$-4(x + y) = (100)(-4)$   
 $-4x - 4y = -400$   
 $6x + 4y - 4x - 4y = -400 + (100)(4.5)$   
 $2x = -400 + 450$   
 $2x = 50$   
 $x = 25$  lbs of candy A

suggested methods:  
substitution or  
elimination

$x + y = 100$   
 $25 + y = 100$   
 $y = 75$  lbs of Candy B

**EXAMPLE 2**

**Investment** Anna decides to invest \$500 in two different accounts. One account offers an interest rate of 5% per year and another account offers an interest rate of 8% per year. If Anna earns \$35.50 in interest in one year, how much money did Anna invest in each account? First model the problem as two equations in two unknowns and then solve.

$I = Prt$   
 $x = \text{amount invested at 5\%}$   
 $y = \text{amount invested at 8\%}$   
 $x + y = 500$  is the total amount invested  
 (Total) Interest =  $I = 35.50$

$y = 500 - x$   
 $I_x = x(.05)(1)$   
 $I_y = y(.08)(1)$   
 $I = x(.05) + y(.08)$   
 $(.05)x + y(.08) = 35.5$   
 $.05x + .08(500 - x) = 35.5$   
 $.05x + 40 - .08x = 35.5$   
 $-.03x = -4.5$  so  $x = 150$

$y = 500 - x$   
 $y = 500 - 150$   
 $y = 350$

**EXAMPLE 3**

A boat on a river travels 96 miles upstream in 8 hours. The return trip takes the boat 6 hours. The rowers on the boat are doing the same amount of work at all times and travel at a constant speed in still water. Find the rate of the boat and the rate of the current.

$d = rt$   
 $96 = \text{miles of trip 1 way}$   
 $8 = \text{hours upstream}$   
 $6 = \text{downstream}$   
 $x = \text{rate of boat in still water}$   
 $y = \text{rate of current}$

$d = rt$  upstream:  $96 = (x - y)8$   
 $12 = x - y$   
 downstream:  $96 = (x + y)6$   
 $16 = x + y$

$12 + 16 = x - y + x + y$   
 $28 = 2x$   
 $x = 14 \text{ mph}$   
 $16 = 14 + y$   
 $2 = y$   
 $y = 2 \text{ mph}$

**PROBLEM 2**

A driver averages 40 mph going from town A to town B. On the return trip the driver averages 56 mph and takes 2 hours less. What is the distance between towns A and B and how many hours did the driver spend going from town A to town B? Model the problem as a system of two equations in two unknowns and then solve using an appropriate method.

$d = rt$  A to B  $d = 40t$   
 B to A  $d = 56(t - 2)$

$40t = 56(t - 2)$   
 $40t = 56t - 112$   
 $40t - 56t = 56t - 112 - 56t$   
 $-16t = -112$   
 $t = 7 \text{ hours}$

$d = \text{distance}$   
 $r = \text{rate (speed)}$   
 $t = \text{time}$

$d = 40t$   
 $d = 40(7)$   
 $d = 280 \text{ miles}$

**EXAMPLE 4**

A company sells DVDs for \$10 each. The company manufactures these DVDs at a cost of \$2 each with a fixed set-up cost of \$240. If the company manufactures and sells  $x$  of these DVDs:

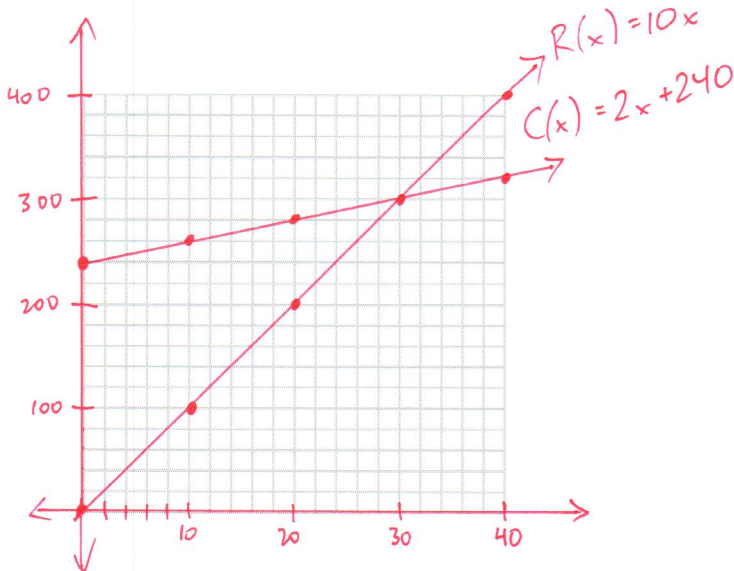
1. Write a function that expresses the cost to the company for making  $x$  DVDs to sell.

$$C(x) = 2x + 240$$

2. Write a function that expresses the revenue the company makes when they sell  $x$  DVDs.

$$R(x) = 10x$$

3. Graph the two functions on the same coordinate system noting the domain of the functions.



Domain of  $C(x)$  is the integers

Domain of  $R(x)$  is the integers

**SUMMARY (What I learned today)**

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